

**Biomed** The research conducted by Rosario Yerbes Cadenas, PhD candidate at the University of Granada, was led by professor Abelardo López Rivas, of CABIMER, and was Professionals aimed at analysing the potential of cFLIP inhibitors in cancer therapies. Interviews Videos At present, TRAIL is a death-ligand of the TNF family, with significant therapeutic Membership potential against cancer, basically due to its ability to induce apoptosis in cancer cells Courses we offer • without displaying significant toxicity toward normal cells. However, there are tumor Contact us Privacy Policy cells that are resistant to TRAIL-induced apoptosis for unknown causes. Terms & Conditions A Key Component Submit Pressrelease This study analysed the role of cFLIP in breast cancer cells' resistance to TRAIL-**Biomed** induced apoptosis. Thus, researchers concluded that cFLIP is key in these cells? Professions resistance to TRAIL. Such conclusion was drawn from the evidence that the inhibition of their expression through treatments with Doxorubicin (anthracycline, widely used in chemotherapy) or with SAHA (Histone deacetylases inhibitor), as well as the silencing of its expression through cFLIP siRNA oligos (small interfering RNA), resulted in the sensitisation of breast cancer cells to TRAIL-induced apoptosis. The authors of this research proved that cFLIP plays a survival role in tumorous and non-tumorous breast epithelial cells, since the inhibition of its expression induces apoptosis. This type of apoptosis requires the formation of the death-inducing signalling complex, which includes TRAIL-R2 receptor, adapter molecule FADD and procaspase-8- but is TRAIL-independent itself. Conversely, in the light of the cFLIP relevance in controlling apoptosis, researchers studied the role of cFLIP in breast epithelial cells MCF-10A morphogenesis -a process where apoptosis plays an essential role. Thus, cFLIPL/cFLIPS overexpression inhibits lumen formation in acini from breast epithelial cells when they are cultured in a 3D extracellular matrix (3D cultures). Additionally, inhibition of cFLIP expression prevents the development of acini, since cells with low expression of cFLIP are unfeasible For this reason, regulation of cFLIP expression was very relevant to this research. Scientists determined that the PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is not the main responsible for cFLIP synthesis in breast cancer cell, but may be it is NF-kB pathway. Additionally, this study revealed that the ubiquitin-proteasome system plays a key role in cFLIP cell degradation. At present, researchers are trying to identify E3-ubiquitin ligase protein, responsible for cFLIP degradation by such system. Source: Andalusian Institute for Molecular Biology and Regenerative Medicine Add this article to the following Bookmark Services × Add to × Digg × Stumble × Add to × Add to Yahoo! Have your say: × Share on × Seed × Reddi You must be logged in to add your Say More about this from BIOMEDME.COM HOXB7 Silencing the **Mitochondrial** Gene Knockout expression raise Shows Potential TLR4 gene **Pore Formation** For Diabetestamoxifen prevents Sheds Light On **Related Heart** cardiovascular resistance in early-Cancer and stage breast <u>Failure</u> disease in diabetic Degenerative Silencing the TLR4 gene can stop the cancer patients **Diseases** patients Silencing the TLR4 gene can stop the Walter and Eliza Hall A gene target for drug resistance, a triple-drug process which may lead Institute scientists have to cardiovascular cocktail for triple process which may lead identified a key step in negative breast cancer, disease in diabetic to cardiovascular the biological process patients .. disease in diabetic and patients' ... of programmed ... patients. Grab This Widge Warning! Shocking Truth About Stem Cell Treatment CLICK HERE Monthly Archives **Recent Comments** Rss **Popular Topics Recent Comments**